

# THE DAILY UNION-LEDGER

EDITION XI.

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MOTTO: "Truth  
Vol. V. No. 1

The Daily Union-Ledger,  
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To day the *Gazette* enters its Fifth Volume. Two years ago, this time, the gallant "sentinel on the outpost" began his work, to "watch the enemy" of the Country's interests and "give notice of danger." How faithfully and proudly it has performed its duty, is not for us to say—hence we leave the matter with our now many readers and contemporaries!

## The Mines of Utah.

It is gratifying to every well-wisher of Utah and to the cause of good government and progress, to know that the mineral resources of this territory are beginning to attract attention abroad. For several years, as the *Venator* has from time to time chronicled in modest phrase extensive and exceedingly rich silver veins have been discovered first by the soldiers and, subsequently by the gentle civilians who floated in upon us. For want of the needed capital to construct furnaces, erect machinery and develop these leads our advancement in extracting the precious metals has not been so rapid, nor our progress so marked as it otherwise would have been. But enough labor has been performed, and sufficient advancement in the development of Utah mines been made, to assure the most skeptical that this Territory presents one of the widest and most lucrative fields for capital, energy, science and labor. The hardy adventurers who discovered the rich mines of Rush Valley and Bingham Canyon, who are developing the Cottonwood and Western Districts, and those who have explored and opened up the marvelous riches of Meadow Valley and Par-Ranagat regions, on the the south western verge of the Territory, now begin to reap the reward of their perseverance, energy, and faith in the assurance that capital will soon flow in upon them to give value to these mines, and remunerate itself in early and practical development. During the past year representatives of Eastern and European companies have visited Utah, accompanied by gentlemen of scientific acquirements. These gentlemen as we know have passed through our several mining districts, carefully examined the ores and the mines, and taken extensive notes on which to base their reports. Not one have we met, and we have had the pleasure of seeing most, if not all of them, but have expressed the highest opinions on our mines, even after having traversed the world wide silver regions of Nevada, Idaho and Montana. Of these whose opinions are entitled to the greatest weight we may mention Professor Eston of New York, and Professor Fritchett of England, both gentlemen of scientific and chemical attainments and conversant with practical mining. One and all concur that with the facilities to be found here in close proximity to the silver mines, wood, water, coal, fire clay, iron and copper, in connection with the character of the ore and the practicability of separating the base from the precious metals, the mines of Utah present the most desirable and promising field for the investment of capital, enterprise and labor. These ores are mainly argeniferous Galena, and their reduction and separation can be accomplished without the enormous expenditure for mills and heavy crushing machinery required in most other countries. All that is absolutely necessary to transmute the ores into glittering silver are furnaces for melting them down. At Stockton in Rush Valley, but forty five miles from this city, the crudest furnaces and the most simple of devices have sufficed to prove the practicability of the ores and the facility and cheapness of their separation. One or two companies of eastern capitalists have located there, purchased extensive interests in the mines and are engaged in putting up the necessary furnaces and apparatus, on a more extended scale than the original locators were able to do. In the early spring we are promised the most desirable results, and preparations are being made to develop the Par-Ranagat and other districts by capitalists from the east as well as by our own citizens.

## Report of the Secretary of War.

The Secretary of War reports that our military force amounted on the 1st of May to 1,000,516 men. It is reduced to 50,000 men, and 800,000 have been discharged and paid off in six months.

The military appropriations of the last Congress amounted to \$16,000,000. He asks of this Congress less than thirty four millions.

Mr. Stanton remarks that the war has made us a nation of veterans, and the speed of the railroad and the telegraph now determine the time required to raise an army in the United States. The rebel army, which surrendered at the close of the rebellion, numbered 174,223 men, of whom Lee had left only 27,806 in his final surrender, and Dick Taylor had 42,000, the largest rebel force surrendered by any one General. The War Department computes the number of deaths in the Union armies, since the commencement of the war, at 350,000, and of the Southern soldiers at 225,000. At Gettysburg, 23,000 of the Union army were killed, wounded or taken prisoner—the greatest loss during one battle. Grant's losses from the time he crossed the Rappahannock until Lee's surrender, were 90,000. Great as these losses were, they are less than those incurred in European wars, owing to our superior medical and sanitary arrangements, and the care of the Government for its troops.

The total (available) force present for duty, May 4, 1861, was 667,546. Total

and seek to dry down the mines and shut out the Gentiles, are assisted by purely personally selfish motives, and in common parlance have a most execrable aim to gain, begins to find its way into the clouded minds of their hitherto dupes. The leaven is working and the seed has fallen, not entirely "by the way side or upon stony places," nor yet "among thorns," but upon good ground, and is bringing forth fruit an hundred fold. The year 1866 opens more auspiciously, and its close will find Utah full high advanced in the onward progress of regeneration.

## [From the Nevada State Enterprise] Polygamy, the Nation's Shame Leaving it to Time.

The Mormon question is again attracting attention in the East. The impression prevails that something will be done with Utah and the Mormons before the adjournment of the present Congress—Ashley, Colfax, Doolittle and other prominent men of the nation have visited Utah during the past year, and it is presumed that a "definite plan of action" in relation to the disloyal and polygamous "S-snts" will be agreed upon. The question is certainly a troublesome one—With this fact is Mr. Ashley, "the father of the Territories," most sensibly impressed; yet we believe that Ashley and Colfax are both prepared to take up and dispose of the whole Mormon difficulty. Utah Territory occupies a most perplexing and novel position. With a population large enough to entitle it to sovereignty, and with a State Constitution adopted before Congress, it nevertheless remains a Territory. It will not be admitted into the Union with a Constitution legalizing polygamy, and the Mormons refuse to be admitted on any other terms. Now, what is to be done? The Organic Act of the Territory might be repealed, as recommended by Stephen A. Douglas, in 1857, or the Territory might be destroyed by annexing it to Kansas, Nebraska and Nevada, as suggested by Mr. Ashley; but either of these methods would be a round-about and inconsistent manner of disposing of a question which Congress possesses the plain right to settle by direct legislation. Undue importance is attached to the action of Congress in the Mormon difficulty, with the assumption that Mormonism is a religion, and cannot therefore be interfered with. But Mormonism is not a religion, as it is within the scope and province of Congress to ascertain. It is a gross imposition, and no more entitled to the name of religion than any other crime. With a week's investigation, a committee could establish the fraudulent origin of Mormonism, and thereby secure to Congress the right to declare by enactment that in the name of Mormonism the crime of Polygamy should no longer be committed. While living in Illinois and Missouri, it was customary with the Mormons to steal cattle, and attempt to justify the theft with the declaration that they were obeying divine instructions—Could such a peculiarity in any religion be respected? If the Mormons have a right under the Federal Constitution to commit bigamy and incest, they have also the right to steal and murder, and if Congress can prevent them from committing one crime, it can another. Mormonism is a disgrace to the intelligence and decency of the American people, and should be shorn as far as possible from that which renders it a peculiarly loathsome presence in the land. If the bullet-headed barbarians of Utah choose to believe that the Book of Mormon was translated from golden tablets found by a bar-room vagabond, when it is a matter of record that it was written as a literary pastime by an invalid clergyman, in heaven's name let them fit upon the delusion; but Congress certainly possesses the right to inquire far enough into the origin of the belief to ascertain whether those adhering to it are entitled to protection under the Constitution in the commission of felony. It would gratify us to learn that Congress has appointed a committee to inquire into the origin and practices of Mormonism—not more for the purpose of making it, as a business, subservient to the laws, than of furnishing to the world an authoritative exposure and condemnation of the disgusting delusion. The New York *Times* thinks we must leave the correction of the Mormon evil to time, to "swamp the Mormon element completely by the influx of gentlemin miners, and the operations of natural agencies."

All is true enough, we admit. Time will certainly correct the evil; but is it proper for the Government to leave to the slow adjustment of years a public wrong which it has the power to remedy at once? In the settlement of this Mormon difficulty it involved a question which may as well be passed upon this year as next. It is the duty of the Government, and recent events have rendered it no less a necessity, to define the exact relations of law and religion in the United States—to tell us what crimes may or may not be committed under the *cloak* of religion, and how far the practices of any sect may be made to conform to general law and the Mormon question presents an opportunity for it. The difficulty should be settled *at once*, *promptly* and *forever*.

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## Report of the Secretary of the Navy.

The Secretary of the Navy states in his report that the steamer, bought from the merchant service for war purposes, have been to a great extent returned to their former pursuits. He regards the service of the different squadrons, and says that immediately after the fall of Fort Fisher and Wilmington, measures were taken for the reduction of the Navy, which have continued until at the present time, and are generally in commission at home and abroad, but one hundred and seventeen vessels, of all descriptions, and this number will probably be further reduced as soon as domestic troubles were over.

The foreign squadrons were re-established, which are considered sufficient for the encouragement of our commerce. Only two officers proved traitors when the war began. Their places have been filled from the merchant service, and it is recommended that appointments from their number be added to the Navy.

Since the 4th of March, 1861, 418 vessels had been purchased, at a cost of \$18,366,681. Of these, three-fourths have been sold for \$3,621,800.

The Secretary suggests a thorough survey of the islands in the Pacific coast.

The history of the Sea King, alias Shenandoah, is given. It reflects no credit upon the neutrality of England.

The enlargement of the Boston and New York Navy Yards is urged, and the completion of the yard at Mare Island on the Pacific; also the re-building of yards at Norfolk and Pensacola. League Island is recommended as a site for building a yard for the iron clads. As to the healthiness of iron clads, statistics show that they are equal, if not superior to ordinary vessels. The Secretary recommends the appointment of one half midshipmen from enlisted apprentices, and the remainder from Congressional districts. The number of vessels captured and sent to Court for adjudication, from May 1st, 1861, to the close of the rebellion was 1,151, while the number captured and destroyed was 1,504. The gross price of the property captured since the blockade, prior to November last, is \$21,899,548, expenses, \$1,612,223. The estimate for the year ending June 30th, 1864, is \$23,982,457. The expenses of the Navy Department since the commencement of the war have been but 9,310 per cent. of the expenditure of the government during the same time.

## Montana Items.

The Montana *Democrat* and the Helena *Radiator*, are at hand. From the former we clip the following:

The Rev. Joseph Giorda, of the Jesuit Fathers, has arrived in town from St. Peter's Mission, on the Missouri, for the purpose of ministering to the spiritual wants of our Catholic fellow-citizens of Virginia, Nevada, and the other towns and mining settlements in the neighbor hood.

**Heavy Loss of Cattle.**—We regret to learn, that our valued friend Alexander Majors lost on Sage Creek, 65 miles from this place, 75 yds of cattle. He had, as we are informed, about 30 wagons loaded with 1400 sacks of Salt Lake flour, and other groceries, for Virginia City, M. T., and had nearly reached the end of his journey, when he sustained this loss.

Cold, cold, unrelenting and intense cold, has been the order of the days and nights of last week. Keen and biting blasts swept over the bleak hills that surround Nevada, covering the bodies of work animals with a white flake of snow like ice, the vapor from their bodies being congealed almost as soon as it reached the chilling air. Quicksilver has been frozen, and if there is any other liquid less susceptible to the action of frost, it must have been frozen also.

**BANNACK CITY ITEM.**—There is quite a stampede from this place for Lemhi Valley, some prospectors having reported the discovery there of rich placer diggings, yielding thirteen cents to the pan; they also state that the quartz look well, and they anticipate finding good gold lodes. The Lemhi valley is about forty five miles from Bannack city, near the forks of Salmon river, has a mild climate, with very little snow, plenty of water for mining purposes, timber and good grazing. The surrounding country is a desirable locality for ranches.

Some very elegant buildings have been erected in Helena, among the number we were struck by the splendid residence of R. W. Donnell, Esq., of the firm of Tatt & Donnell. It is a well built structure, of commodious construction, and on a much larger scale than any private residence we have seen in the Territory.

**DIAMOND CITY.**—We next paid a visit to Jack Thompson's claim, on Montana Gulch, which so far has proved to be among the richest on the creek, having paid as high as seventeen hundred dollars a day to one sluice. Other claims were visited by us and found of corresponding richness. James O'Flaherty, who is mining above Jack Thompson, has a sledge weighing over seven hundred dollars which was taken out of his claim. This, we are informed, is the largest nugget yet found in the gulch. Claim No. 20, below discovery, was being worked by Messrs Dennis & Baker, up to the present week, has yielded over forty thousand dollars, and still continues rich.

From the *Radiator* we clip—**COLD WEATHER.**—During the days and nights of Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the people in this section of the moral vineyard were favored with some regular old fashioned Spitzbergen weather, unloved by any tropical breezes. On Thursday, the thermometer indicated 35° below zero; and the gentleman who gave us this information said he did not know how much lower the mercury would have gone, if the machine had been longer at the zero end.

The "MONTANA RADIATOR."—The initial number of this new Helena hebdomadal has come to hand. It is printed, for the present, on buff wrapping paper; T. J. Favorite, proprietor. This is the same paper which was published heretofore at Lewiston, North Idaho.

The issue before us is as interesting as could be expected, in the hurry of opening out. Further respecting the *Radiator* we say its light continues to shine and the "faith that's in it."

## GILBERT &amp; SONS',

## WILKINSON &amp; CO'S, COLUMNS.

## Mammoth

## To Dealers in the City

## and Country!

Composing their own late importations and the

## Splendid ASSORTMENT

of the best and most valuable articles

Received by buying out Messrs. Barrow & Co., are now on exhibition and for sale at their

## New Quarters IN

## WOODMANSEE'S NEW BUILDING,

Next to the Overland Stage office,

## East Temple Street

## SALT LAKE CITY.

## General Merchandise,

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Yankee Notions,

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,

&c., &c.

## IN DRY GOODS WE HAVE

Domestics, Denims,

Striped Shirtings, Checks,

Cottonades, Flannels,

Cassimeres, Blankets, etc. etc.

from

CALIFORNIA AND THE EAST

with a

## GENERAL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Fall Dress Goods, Staple Dry

Goods, and various other

Articles necessary for

## UTAH TRADE.

—OF—

We have made a great

## Reduction in Prices

To close our present Stock and

make room for more.

We are now offering to the Public

the best,

## LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

Stock of

## MERCHANDISE

Unequalled in

## QUALITY AND PRICE

by any other

Mercantile House in this Territory.

SELLING AT COST

—OF—

We direct particular attention to

our large Stock of

## BOOTS and SHOES,

which we are now selling

AT COST,

Wishing to go out of that branch

of business, and offering them

## WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

SELLING AT COST

—OF—

Our Stock of

## DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERY, and

## The Daily Union Vedette

### Local and Miscellaneous.

It is hard to collect money when  
Of love and peace about sweetly singing;  
But diamond be thy point, my pen,  
When crime's dumb bells are round the ring.

Gen. Stagg, from Fort Bridger, arrived here yesterday.

Alberton Envelope Bazaar—will find something to their interest by calling at or sending their address to this office.

5-11

For Mayor Newell—Martin, the Wizard, has something good to tell you, in another part of this paper. Hear and heed him.

HAVING gone to press before the interesting exercises of the I. O. O. F. as well as the theatrical entertainment, had transpired, the report of the same can not appear, of course, until next issue.

O. B. WHITRIDGE was the only stage passenger to the east, yesterday; and Messrs. McComb and Wines were the only ones to the west—in the "arguably republic" of Reese River.

The Nashville Press and Times says, Quigley, of Payette, Kayapo, maga- no notoriety, removed to Mississippi, and was elected sheriff recently. He has come to Washington to obtain a pardon, in order to qualify himself to take his office.

Messrs. Cohn & Menter, next door to the California Telegraph Office, East Temple street, called our attention to their superb class of gent's over-coats, furnishing goods, &c., as opened upon their shelves and counters. They are real "San Francisco styles."

From SAN FRANCISCO to NEW YORK—

In anticipation of the completion of the Pacific railway, it is well to become acquainted with the distances, along the route! They are as follows: San Francisco to Sacramento, river, 123 miles; Sacramento to Colfax or Placerville (two rival routes); railroad 55 miles; Colfax or Placerville to Virginia City, Nevada, 112 miles; Virginia to Austin, 175; Austin to Salt Lake City, Utah, 378 miles; Salt Lake to Denver, Colorado, 596 miles; Denver to Atchison, Kansas, 625 miles; Atchison to New York (railroad) 1,453 miles; San Francisco to New York, 3,504.

Lake & stocks, Quick Sales and Small Profits, appear to be the order of the season at several of our city "merchant princes" establishments, at present. Preparing for new goods by first spring trains, our merchants are making every sacrifice consistent, to supply their "wares and merchandise" to the trade, at present, the lowest figures for the greenbacks or for produce. Messrs. Gilbert & Son, Walker & Bro's., Ranshaw & Co., Ellis & Bro's., Wilkinson & Fenn, Bodenbogen & Kahn, Auerback & Bro, Siegel & Co., Wm. Sloan, J. Meeks, A. Watters, W. H. Baird, Elgutter, T. D. Brown & Sons, D. J. Goff, E. B. Shorebridge, S. J. Lee, and a lot of our other liberal advertisers are determined to do a driving biz or "burst" this winter, on the principle above stated.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH,

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

GENERAL NEWS.

New York, Jan. 5.

Ex-President Fillmore and lady sail to-day in steamer Europe for Brest, intending to spend the winter in Spain, on account of Mrs. Fillmore's health.

Leavenworth, Jan. 4.

A few in pursuit of the men who robbed Paymaster Ellis' safe of thirty thousand dollars, yesterday overtook them; all the money except five thousand dollars was recovered. The thieves, when overtaken, took to the brush and escaped.

New York, Jan. 5.

The Herald's Washington special says the increase and reorganization of the regular army, and the abolition of the pay department, is being considered. It is proposed that captains of companies draw funds from their Commissary, and the quartermaster pay their subordinate officers to draw their pay from the Commissary, on pay warrants the same day.

St. Louis, Jan. 3.

Gov. Fletcher took possession to-day of the St. Joseph & Atchison and the Atchison & Western Railroads, in consequence of default of payment to the State of three hundred thousand dollars and interest, according to a law of the Missouri Legislature passed last winter, under which the roads were sold to Messrs. Stringfellow, Osborne, Carpenter and Burns. The Governor appointed a State Agent to operate the roads until they can be sold again, pursuant to law.

New York, Jan. 4.

The Fenian Congress, to-day, appointed a committee to confer with the Fenians. The Senate adopted a resolution directing the President of the Senate to report directly to Congress. Col. O'Mahoney's address was read to Congress in the afternoon. Col. Mehan has withdrawn his appeal to O'Mahoney and Roberts to resign simultaneously. Roberts replied to the committee who waited on him that he didn't recognize the legality of Congress, but was willing the books and papers of the Senate should be examined. Mr. Williams' financial report is ready for Congress.

Washington, Jan. 4.

Senator Trumbull will submit two important bills to the Senate to-morrow. One of them is to enlarge the power of the Freedmen's Bureau, and the other to protect all persons in the United States in their civil rights, and furnish means of vindication.

January 5.

The Times' Washington special says there is now deposited in the United

States \$1,000,000 in the funds of the National Hospital Fund, for the relief of disabled seamen, nearly ten millions of dollars. The interest on this sum is most sufficient to defray the expenses of the hospitals and asylums already established.

The large engine houses of the Bollington Railway, Gallon, Ohio, were destroyed by fire last night, with twelve locomotives. Loss, estimated at from \$30,000 to \$50,000.

FOREIGN NEWS.

New York, Jan. 4.

At Cork, a special commission is in session for the trial of Parsons. At the sitting on Monday, Bryant, Dillon and John Lynch were arraigned for treason.

The jury were sworn, and the Attorney-General stated the case for the Crown; after which Warner, pro-approver, was examined, and sworn. He had seen as many as 500 persons at meetings of the prisoners with them. The Grand Jury found true bills for treason against P. Duggan, P. Donovan, John Casey, James Montane and A. Nichols.

At Havana we have news of another revolution in San Domingo. Gen. Gaez is now President of the Republic. The Cabinet accepted the military position under the Government, of which Gen. Pedro Gillego, who seemed to have managed the whole affair, is the practical head of the revolution.

The London Times says, Secretary McCulloch's report is a very able document as being grounded on sound financial principles. We recognize in Mr. McCulloch a real financier. The point in McCulloch's scheme which must strike Englishmen most forcibly is the confidence which he invades in the action of his Executive. Whatever may be the issue and course of financial discussion in the States during the current session of Congress, may be watched by us with advantage, as those who are in much the same position may learn from the experience of others.

New York, Jan. 4.

A letter from Mexico, Dec. 24th, says, it was officially stated a few days before by Minister of Foreign Affairs, that 25,000 soldiers were expected at Vera Cruz, but that now only 10,000 would come, because of stringency of the French Treasury.

St. Albans, Vt. Jan. 4.

Singular disappearance of Hubbell, cashier of Mississippian Bank, Sheldon, Vt. at last accounted for. He turns out to be a defaulter in large sums, stated as high as \$700,000; his whereabouts is still unknown by officers of the Bank.

New York, Jan. 4.

Under Government regulations there were sent to various Southern States, from this city, during December, 7300 guns and pistols and over 94,000 pounds of sporting powder; over 500,000 pounds of shot and 13,000,000 percussion caps.

From California.

San Francisco, Dec. 30.

The purchase of the *Flag* by Clayes has fallen through.

Theodore Winters' Richmond beat Gamble's, &c. Error, mile heats, best two in three, running race, to-day, on the Ocean Course. Two thousand dollars a side were the stakes. Time 1:52 1-4 1:52.

J. H. Hulshorn filed his petition of insolvency to-day. He claims to have lost \$170,000 by depreciation in stocks and real estate in Virginia. His debts are \$52,000. Assets, \$10,000 in Virginia property some land between Gold Hill and Silver City, and some bad debts, one of them a livery stable bill of \$100, against Henry Elgerton.

The steamship Orizaba brought \$20,000 worth of bullion from the mills in Upper Arizona, being the first considerable shipment from that section of country.

A line of ocean steamers is to be resumed between New Orleans and San Francisco by the first of January, to leave New Orleans by the way of Havana and connect at Aspinwall.

The Ajax, the first steamer of the new line to the Sandwich Islands, will sail from this port next Saturday.

The burglary business is in a flourishing condition here. The papers report transactions every morning.

Quinn's Minstrels, To-night!—Here's a paradise for you, one and all. The programme for this evening, at the Academy of Music, is around, and a glorious one it is, too. Music, vocal and instrumental, banjo arias, dances, comic comedy and mimic opera, with all the nicest, newest songs and "pieces" of the day, will be played and spoken by Mons Quinn, Prof. Lloyd and their star company this evening at Potter's Theatre. Go and see them, for a change.

MARTIN THE WIZARD

Has Arrived!

The world renowned wonder creating Wizard MARTIN, will commence his astonishing

FEATS OF WONDER

AT THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Monday, Eve'g Jan. 8th

SIX NIGHTS ONLY.

Changing as by a "Magic Wand," this popular place of amusement into a gorgious

ENCHANTED TEMPLE

OP

Magic and Mystery,

or a Night in Wonder World, together with innumerable and surprising incidents in Vestriouland, Mechanical Figures, or apparently animated Automatons, will be regularly presented with enthusiastic applause from every audience! These figures have been brought to such perfection as to defy all competition, surpassing anything of the kind in the world.

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This half page "Telegraph" in white space. It takes comfort in the report that "all men speak evil" of the Mormon Saints, and adds that it is an agreeable consolation that such is the status of the Mormons with the present generation." God told that it should ever be otherwise. —S. F. Bell's.

The following we find in the last San

Francisco Bulletin:

The Utah editors are profane fellows, one of them publishes for his "leading" editor, an article headed "Hell Belling Again."

The Message of the new Governor has been delivered and seems to give general satisfaction to the Mormons.

DRUMMER OUT.—A correspondent of the Virginia, Nevada, Enterprise, writing from San Francisco, says:

John Kennedy, one of the terrible Fourteenth, has been found guilty by a court martial of stealing a bottle of whisky, and drummed out of the service. I perceive by this that to steal hoots and horses, and hats and entriery, is an eccentricity, but to steal whisky is a crime. And so it is.

RUST.—The Nevada City Gazette says there is a prospect of a rush of miners from that place for Montana Territory, next spring.—California paper.

BETTER STOP in Salt Lake Valley. Here

we have as immense indications of gold and silver mines, as they have five hundred miles away up yonder—labor for developments alone being needed. And here, we have as advantageous facilities for both prospecting and proving up, as any section in the gold fields of the west. Come along; but before you proceed farther than the mining camps of Utah, you'll find a field for operation which cannot but command itself, with a fair show for all.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

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## ALL SORTS OF ITEMS.

"Just as the bee collects her sweets, From every shrub and flower she meets, What from many a source we draw, We give, tho' not the whole as now."

Where There's a Will There's a Way.

BY J. G. SAKER.

It was a noble Roman, Not a Roman, but a Brit, Who earned a sword and a coat, Before the battle any.

"They're safe in such a fortress;

"There is no way to shake it—"

"On! on!" exclaimed the hero,

"I'll find a way or make it!"

Is fame your aspiration?

Her path is steep and high;

Content to gain and to gain,

The shining throne is waiting.

But he alone can take it;

Who says with Roman grandeur,

"I'll find a way or make it!"

Why is a married man like a candle? Because he sometimes goes out at night when he ought not to.

WOMEN seldom exhibit their hearts though very many of them exhibit where their hearts beat.

SWARING in conversation indicates a perpetual distrust of a person's own reputation; and is an acknowledgment that he thinks his base word not worthy of credit.

A sum of upwards of £20,000 has been subscribed towards the erection of the cathedral which it is proposed to erect in London to the memory of Cardinal Wiseman.

"It is well to leave something for those who come after us," as the gentleman said who threw a barrel in the way of a constable who was chasing him.

The law courts of Lyons and Colmar have decided that the particle displaced before one's name is not a sign of nobility, and that therefore any one may use it.

By a recent decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, manufacturers of newspapers will henceforth have to take out a manufacturer's instead of a dealer's license.

John Mitchell has been set at liberty on condition that he will restrict his presence to the State of Virginia. What grudge President Johnson has against Virginia is not stated.

## Boots & Shoes

The largest assortment of Boots and Shoes in this city is now open at my Store, opposite the Salt Lake House.

My Stock embraces Men's and Boys' Boots, Balmorals, Gaiters,

Brogans of all descriptions, Women's Misses' and Children's Gaiters, Balmorals, Booties, Buskin and Slippers of all kinds.

Also a nice variety of Men's and Boys' HATS AND CAPS.

I propose to sell, at retail, from now until the 1st of January,

AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

Call and see me.

**E. B. Shoebridge.**

new 20-11.

## New Goods FOR Christmas AND NEW YEAR!

New York Store!

Those desiring

## New Styles

and Cheap Goods, call immediately, being determined to sell low and give all satisfaction.

Solicit particular attention to our choice

## TEAS AND GROCERIES.

AND

## New Styles of Prints,

&c., &c., &c.

## New York Store.

Two Doors above the Auction House.

John K. ROBINSON, Dr. W. H. TAIT,

ROBINSON & TAIT,

Surgeons.

May be consulted daily at their office, Grosvenor's Corner, opposite Auction House. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 3 o'clock P. M.

## BANKERS.

W. L. WALSH, G. S. L. City

HOLLADAY & HALEY,

BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rate for

**GOLD DUST AND COIN.**

Dust bought for Coin or Currency

Cash paid for Govt's Vouchers

Drafts payable in Coin or Currency

sold on New York,

San Francisco, Cal.,

Denver City, Colorado,

Atchison, Kansas,

Portland, Oregon and

Victoria, British Columbia,

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps to

anywhere.

ARTHUR M. CLARK, J. W. KERR, MILTON E. CLARK

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS.

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

Coin, Gold Dust and Exchange.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT

Correspond with the Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; split!

**SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT**

AND

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

Main street, between Market and South Temple Streets.

Copy of the papers of the place, Eastern and Western PAPERS and PERIODICALS constantly on hand.

NOVELS and light LITERATURE for sale, exchange, or hire,

—

SUBSCRIPTIONS TAKEN FOR PAPERS!

—

**THE NEW YORK LEDGER,**

It is not yet too late to subscribe for the above, commencing from the New Year.

Anything in this line, not procurable in the place, can be sent for by the

**SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT.**

—

**CALL AND INQUIRE,**

West Main Street, between Theater and South Temple.

SPR-11

**NEW YORK CITY ADV'TS**

METROPOLITAN HOTEL

New York City

Warren Leland Bros.

Proprietors.

Gentlemen from the Pacific States and Territories will receive the highest attention at this House.

June 5-11

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL

New York City.

The Patronage of Merchants and Travelers from California, Colorado, Utah, Montana and New Mexico is solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

June 5-11

Refer to Merchants of Salt Lake City.

June 5-11

JAMES BEESTON,

Commission Agent,

12 Barclay street, New York City.

Agents for the purchasing of all kinds of Merchandise and Machinery for Utah, Montana and Idaho.

Refer to Merchants of Salt Lake City.

June 5-11

D. P. CLARK & BRO'S.,

(Late DRAPER, CLARK & CO.)

No. 330 Broadway, New York.

MANUFACTURERS, Commission Merchants and Wholesale Dealers in

Fur, Silk and Wool

HATS, CAPS.

Straw Goods, Feathers, Artificial Flowers, etc.

June 5-11

THE RUSSEL & ERWIN,

Manufacturing Co.

Manufacturers of Builders' and other Hardware.

No. 87 & 89 Beekman, and 59 Cliff streets,

New York.

June 5-11

HALL, SOUTHWICK & CO.,

384 and 386 Broadway, New York.

Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

June 5-11

SHELDON, HOYT & CO.,

43 Chambers and 21 Reade Streets, New York.

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Cutlery, Guns etc.

June 5-11

ST. LOUIS ADV'T,

—

JUL. STEENBOCK & CO.

MANUFACTURERS of

White & Flannel Shirt's,

DRAWERS,

UNDERSHIRTS & C.

IMPORTERS OF

Gent's Furnishing Goods

NO. 14 MURRAY STREET,

17 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK

and NO. 61 NORTH MAIN STREET,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

NOV-10-11

PETER E. BLOW & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists and General Dealers in Medicines.

(Successor to Charles, Blow & Co.)

Old stand, 66 & 68 North Main street,

St. Louis.

June 5-11

PRATT & FOX,

No. 139 and 141 Main street, St. Louis.

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware and Cutlery, Gun's, Rifles, Pistols, etc. etc.

June 5-11

SELECT SCHOOL.

On Monday the 27th inst., a School will be

opened by Miss Louisa Seymour in

Independence Hall.

For terms of tuition apply to Miss SEYMORE

or Mr. LOUIS H. HALL, proprietor on the Hall lot,

CHAR. HEMSTEAD,

SHARP WALKER,

FRANK GILBERT,

Trustees.

NOV-27-11

Samuel M. Dodd.

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in Hats, Caps, Furs and Straw Goods.

No. 98 Main street, corner of Locust, St. Louis.

June 5-11

Freighting Notice.

THE undersigned are prepared to

freight, with both mule and ox

Teams, to Moab and Boise, or to Colorado and the Missouri River.

KEITH & TILESTON.

At Scott, Kerr & Co's, Salt Lake City.

Nov-27-11

W. KITTREDGE, N. G.

MAX WOHLGEMUTH, Secy.

NOV-27-11

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